



ALEXANDRIA, VA.
FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 17.

THE Roosevelt mania will reach its crisis tomorrow, at which time thousands of New Yorkers and as many more people from other parts of the country will suffer from temporary aberration of mind in welcoming ex-President Roosevelt back to America. The city is covered with posters of various kinds, all with Roosevelt as the principal feature. There is one poster showing his teeth, each individual tooth a foot long. The poster shows the ex-president to be in a happy mood and below in large letters are the words: "Welcome Home." It is only by looking closely that it is discovered the poster advertising a brand of chewing gum. There are "died-in-the-red" posters advertising tobacco; and "Rough Rider," three-sheets, telling of the delights of someone's pet brand of spirits. Pictures of majestic hands indicate Uncle Sam shaking hands with a helmeted and brightly smiling Roosevelt, whose baggage is being carried by a couple of smiling pickaninnies. There is wealth also awaiting the former president. He has been offered \$100,000 a year to become head of an association of manufacturers who desire to solve the labor question. He has also been offered the editorial chair of a New York newspaper. The motto of a well-known periodical is "What fools we mortals be!" But procedures as have been mapped out for Mr. Roosevelt are but the reproduction of scenes of other days—the old Roman triumph. Hero worship is ancient, but in this day and generation it is often continued ad nauseam.

The following is one of the extravagant expressions concerning Roosevelt: The comet Roosevelt, which is to touch earth at New York tomorrow, and which has left a trail of glowing phosphorescence in its travels westward from Africa, will make the metropolis the one bright spot in the sun of publicity and throw Washington into the shadow of obscurity. Washington, the eclipsed, is to struggle along tomorrow sans president, sans a couple of cabinet officers, and sans nobody knows how many hundreds of minor officials and clerks, while New York warms in the effulgent sunlight and greets Theodore Roosevelt.

VIRGINIA'S anti-cussing law went into effect yesterday. The man who finds it difficult to keep a curb on his tongue also will find it difficult to keep out of the clutches of the law in Virginia, for the bill prohibiting cursing at the last session of the General Assembly, went into effect at midnight Wednesday night. The bill is brief but unmistakably clear, for it says: "If any person shall, in the presence or hearing of another, curse or abuse another person or use any violently abusive language to such person concerning himself or his relatives, under circumstances reasonably calculated to provoke a breach of the peace, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction shall be fined not less than \$2.50 nor more than \$500."

AN unusual number of deaths of prominent persons in England from appendicitis recently has set the London papers to discussing the causes of the disease. One surgeon, quoted by "The Chronicle," says: "It has been said that appendicitis is often brought on by the use of toothbrushes, hairs from the brush lodging in the system. In the same way the pipe of fruit have been spoken of as a cause of the disease. All I can say is that it is very rare to find any of these things in the appendix, and the most important factor in bringing on appendicitis is undoubtedly indigestion and certain other familiar disorders."

FROM WASHINGTON.

Efforts are being made in Congress to devise an emergency pension measure to care for 70 aged government clerks who will lose their position on July 1.

President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor called at the White House today to confer with the president on labor legislation, and particularly the Sulzer bill establishing a department of labor. There is scant hope of the measure being passed this session.

Representative Bennett, (Rep., N. Y.), who was the man that put the kibosh on the Jeffries-Johnson prize fight, is receiving interesting epistles in his mail these days. His most humorous letter was a communication from a disgruntled sport who declared he was coming to New York to reside in Bennett's district so he could vote against him next fall.

Nearly two hundred census clerks, mostly women, have made a concerted kick to the director because they have been reduced from a salary and placed upon what they say is an unfair piece work basis. The clerks effected by the new order are those who operate the tabulating machines.

One of the final conferences on the omnibus public buildings bill was held today by the House committee on public buildings and grounds. It has been decided to report out an omnibus

bill carrying approximately \$20,000,000. The bill authorizes the beginning of a number of projects. The bill is smaller than is customary. It probably will be in shape to report to the House tomorrow or Monday and will be put through during the closing days of the session.

Chairman Burrows of the Senate committee on privileges and elections has called a meeting of the committee to be held tomorrow for the purpose of considering the charges that bribery figured in the election of Mr. Lorimer, of Illinois, to the Senate. As Lorimer has asked for an investigation and as formal charges of bribery have been filed, the committee may recommend that the Senate turn on the light. There are no charges against Lorimer personally, but the claim is made that the bribery of legislators was in his interest.

The House committee on interstate and foreign commerce today reported the bill requiring that all hermetically sealed oysters, canned after January 1st, 1912, must contain on the cans the net weight of the contents. It is provided, however, that if the case contains 95 per cent of the stated weight, the canners shall not be guilty of a violation of the pure food law.

Vigorous protest against the passage of the bill to increase the membership of the army engineer corps and to give the president authority to suspend P. H. Nowell, chief of the Reclamation Service, with an army engineer was made by a minority of the Senate committee on military affairs today.

Acting upon pressure from the White House, the ways and means committee of the House today decided to report a bill providing for a \$20,000,000 bond issue for reclamation purposes. The Senate recently tackled an amendment to the conservation bill providing for an issue of \$20,000,000 bonds. The House leaders lined up in opposition to this amendment. Yesterday the president called in Chairman Payne, of the House ways and means committee, and Speaker Cannon and it is understood, told them emphatically that the two houses must get together on a bond issue. The ways and means committee met today and finally compromised upon an issue of \$20,000,000 or ten millions less than that recommended by the Senate. It is thought that in conference an agreement may be reached by which the bill will pass both houses at this session.

President Taft spent the greater part of the day straightening out the legislative situation with members of the House and Senate and in greasing the wheels for an early adjournment. He held various conferences with Senate and House leaders. The main stumbling blocks worrying the president just now are the statehood and conservation bills. The executive is seeking a compromise whereby the House will accept the Senate withdrawal bill with the provision for a bond issue, perhaps slightly reduced, in return for the Senate accepting the House postal savings bill. It is considered likely that the House will adopt a special rule and pass the withdrawal bill, reducing the bond issue of \$20,000,000 provided by the Senate for complete irrigation work but reducing the total to perhaps \$20,000,000.

On the application of the general managers of the railroads operating in the southeastern territory including all roads south of the Potomac and east of the Mississippi the dispute between them and their employers over the question of wages has been referred under the Erdman act to Chairman Knapp of the Interstate Commerce Commission and Commissioner of Labor Neill. It is expected that the difficulty will be referred to arbitrators.

Almost a dozen of by President Taft who had insistently demanded its passage, the statehood bill has at last gotten as far as conference and the democrats in the Senate have pretty well won a report and final acceptance of the conference agreement by saying that they will go home until the report is accepted and the statehood completed. The bill as passed by the House and Senate, however, vary so greatly that there are many who doubt if Senator Nelson can make good his promise to reach an agreement with the House conferees in two or three days.

A vote on the bill to require the publication of campaign contributions and expenses is promised as one of the features of the session's closing days. The bill has passed the House and is on the Senate calendar.

Cebra Smith, colored, 25 years old, jumped from the third story window of a house at Third and M streets southwest, early this morning and was killed.

TO MARK SPOT OF SURRENDER.

A conference will be held in Richmond on Saturday with the governor, by invitation, by a committee of the Yorktown Historical Society of the United States. This includes Rev. George Washington Darned (Baltimore); General H. Shildt, of Yorktown, and J. N. Stables, of Woods Cross Roads, Va., and is in relation to the selection of three prominent citizens of the state to cooperate with the Historical Society in the location and substantially marking the exact spot where General O'Hara handed up the sword of Lord Cornwallis October 19, 1781, at the capitulation of Yorktown. They will also establish the location of the headquarters of Generals Washington, Lafayette, Rochambeau, Nelson and other generals of the American and French armies, and numerous other important spots identified with the siege and capture of Yorktown and the English forces by General Washington.

The War Department will be asked to have a detail made of a number of officers and men of the Engineer Corps to carry on the work of location, and when this is done the facts will be set out and approved by the joint committee of the Historical Society and the State, and then the various points will be consecrated and substantially marked by the society, which has already done important work of like character. Rev. G. W. Darned is the society.

Four Men Drowned.

Philadelphia, June 17.—In a desperate attempt to outwit the immigration authorities (Chinamen, members of the crew of the British steamer Highland Monarch, bound from this port for Auckland, New Zealand, with a cargo of oil, jumped overboard while that vessel was playing down the Schuylkill today. Four were drowned. The other three were rescued by bridge tenders.

THE LAKE MYSTERY.

Porter Charlton Believed to Have Killed His Wife—Fleeing to Africa or Turkey?

Como, Italy, June 16.—The police investigating the murder of Mrs. Mary Scott Castle Charlton, the American woman whose body, stuffed into a trunk, was drawn from Lake Como a week ago, declared today that they had found positive proof the Porter Charlton, the married woman's husband, sailed from Como on the steamer Verona on June 8 and that he disembarked at Palermo, there taking passage for either Africa or Turkey. They refused to make public their new evidence, but they insist that it leaves no doubt that Charlton killed his wife.

Their theory is that Charlton sailed for New York, not believing that the body of his wife would be found, and that when he learned at Palermo the news of the discovery of the trunk, he realized the danger of continuing on to New York and changed his course.

It also stated by the police that an unassailable alibi has been found for Constantine Ispoloff, the Russian spy, covering both June 5 and June 6, on one of which days it is now certain Mrs. Charlton was murdered, and his release within the next twenty-four hours is expected.

If the report that Charlton headed for either Turkey or Africa after arriving at Palermo is correct, it is believed that he has made good his escape. Messages have been sent to all important points in Turkey and along the African Mediterranean coast, but it is admitted that the facilities for tracking criminals in these countries are inefficient.

61ST. CONGRESS.

SENATE.

A motion was entered in the Senate by Mr. Bristow discharging the judiciary committee from further consideration of its resolution providing for an amendment to the constitution which would permit the election of senators by direct vote of the people. Immediate consideration was urged by Mr. Bristow, but under objection the motion went over until tomorrow.

Senators being a trifle slow in starting debate on the railroad conference report, Vice President Sherman sharply called for a vote. "All in favor of the adoption of the report will say—," he was saying in submitting the question, when the members were shocked into action. Mr. Newlands hastily called attention to the absence of a quorum. A roll call brought in a quorum and Mr. Newlands proceeded to express his dissenting views at length. He declared there had not been a full and free conference.

Mr. Bacon, objectionable, Mr. Newlands said, in that it creates a great judicial tribunal, the court of commerce, which will overshadow and dwarf the interstate commerce commission.

The action taken in the absence of minority representation was sharply criticized by Senator Bacon. He said the democrats were not called in until absolutely every detail had been completed. The bill, said Mr. Bacon, originated in the executive branch of the government and all features objectionable to the attorney general were eliminated by a measure. The attorney general was present at the conference committee meetings while the minority member was excluded.

"That," said Mr. Bacon, "is a travesty on legislation. It is humiliating when the legislation is handled by those not belonging to that branch of the government." The court of commerce feature was especially assailed by Mr. Bacon.

Mr. Elkins said the conference had been conducted like all others. It was a purely non-partisan measure. "If the Senate would not be satisfied with this bill," said Mr. Elkins, "it would not be pleased with anything."

The shaping of the bill would have been impossible, Mr. Elkins said, but for democratic assistance, and he was thankful the republicans had it. He could see no impropriety in consulting the attorney general.

Senator Borah believed the long and short bill provision would be pronounced unconstitutional.

Following the charges made on the floor of the House by Mr. Humphrey against Jerome J. Wilbur, formerly representative of the A. P. at the State War and Navy Department, the A. P. today sent a letter to Speaker Cannon explaining that Wilbur's resignation had already been accepted when the Humphrey charges were made and repeating the statement set out by the general manager of the A. P. to this morning's papers. The letter was read by the clerk and placed in the record.

Programme for Roosevelt's Reception.

New York, June 17.—The following will be the programme for Theodore Roosevelt's reception tomorrow: 5 a. m., Kaiserin Augusta Victoria with Roosevelt aboard anchors off Sandy Hook; 6 a. m., vessel will proceed to quarantine; 7 a. m., arrive at quarantine; 7:45 a. m., Roosevelt taken aboard the Manhattan; 9 a. m., start of water parade up the North River; 11 a. m., Mayor Gaynor addresses Roosevelt at Battery; 11:20 a. m., parade starts up Broadway; 1 p. m., parade ends, Roosevelt is presented with engrossed resolutions from the Spanish war veterans; 1:30 p. m., Roosevelt lunches at home of his brother-in-law, Douglas Robinson; 4 p. m., Roosevelt starts for home accompanied by his neighbors from Nassau colony.

Negro Stabbed by Young White Woman.

Philadelphia, June 17.—Made a slave in the dress of this city by a giant Mexican negro, Helen Russell, a pretty 25-year-old white girl, who came here from Williamsport two years ago, early today plunged a scissors into the heart of Eugene Menola and sent the negro dying to the hospital. Physicians say he cannot recover. According to the story told by the young woman when arraigned, the stabbing followed her being taunted by the negro for what he had "brought her to" before a gathering of negro men and women and telling them that he owned her. She is being held without bail to await the negro's injury.

WILL STOP FIGHT.

Al Kaufman and Sam Langford to be Enjoyed on Fighting.

San Francisco, Calif., June 17.—Attorney General Webb announced today that he intended to file, some time during the day, a petition for an injunction to restrain Al Kaufman and Sam Langford from fighting in this city tomorrow. He intimated that he had Governor Gillett's promise to call on the state militia, if necessary, to enforce the injunction. The fight in this event the injunction should issue.

The restraining order to prevent the Kaufman-Langford fight will be the basis for the attack on the Jeffries-Johnson fight of July 4th. If the court enjoins Louis Blot, the promoter, from pulling off the battle between Langford and Kaufman, it is conceded that there is no hope for having Jeffries and Johnson clash here on Independence Day.

The "Frisco Hotel Men's Association met late last night and passed a resolution to be presented today to Governor Gillett setting forth that previous fights have not been interfered with by the state authorities and that it is manifestly unjust to stop the Jeffries-Johnson fight at a late moment, when thousands of visitors are on their way here from the east and the 'Frisco business men have been put to great expense to receive them. The resolution ends with an appeal to Governor Gillett to reverse his order, but it is not probable the chief executive can now be swayed from his determination to prevent the fight.

Burning of a Schooner.

New York, June 17.—Shipping men are today trying to establish the identity of a burning schooner passed by the Cunard liner Mauretania late last night about thirty miles east of Fire Island. The vessel was on fire from bow to stern. The captain of the Mauretania failed to find any traces of the crew. It is believed that the crew took to the boats and may have been picked up by a passing vessel.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Secretary Holbo, of the sugar trust, was yesterday released on bail in New York.

Not less than 50,000 textile workers in New England have been put on reduced time, and others will be.

John Austin Stevens, founder of the Sons of the Revolution, died at Newport, R. I., yesterday.

A national organization to combat socialism was formed in New York yesterday as a result of the agitation begun by Rev. Dr. Hill.

The name of Secretary of State Knox will be presented to the Pennsylvania republican state convention next Wednesday as candidate for Governor.

Forest fires have caused the loss of timber valued at hundreds of thousands of dollars in Ontario, Canada, and many settlers are homeless.

An agreement was reached yesterday between Premier Asquith and Mr. Balfour in London that the conference should be called to consider the veto power of the House of Lords.

Judge Huston, in Oklahoma City, overruled the injunction of Governor Haskell to the juniper, restraining the removal of the capital from Guthrie to Oklahoma City. The contest will be taken to the Supreme Court.

William J. Kellier, accused of complicity with George W. Coleman, the young bookkeeper of the National City Bank, of Cambridge, Mass., in looting that institution of about \$240,000, was yesterday found guilty.

Both San Francisco and New Orleans must raise \$7,500,000 before they can hope to receive government indemnities for their expenditures in celebration of the completion of the Panama canal. The House committee on foreign affairs yesterday decided not to invite foreign nations to participate until these conditions were complied with.

Resolutions condemning the action of the state of Virginia in placing the statue of Gen. Robert E. Lee in Statuary Hall, Washington, were adopted yesterday by the Vermont Department, Grand Army of the Republic, assembled in its forty-third annual convention at Montpelier. The resolutions declare that Virginia had aggravated the insult to the union soldiers by draping the statue in a Confederate uniform, and state that the removal of the statue in a Confederate uniform, in violation of the act of Congress, was a dishonorable and less objection.

NEGROSS TO ATTEND DANCE.

With the decision, yesterday, of East Orange, N. Y., High School seniors to allow Isabella Vandervall, a negro member of the class, to attend the dance at the Woman's Club of Orange June 24 with an escort, if she chooses to take a man of her own race, and the announcement that Irene Vandervall, her sister, will not get a ticket, the incident of the color line there is regarded as closed.

The "Paul Jones dance" was considered the only possible one for the programme that would call for exchange of partners, and the dance committee has decided to eliminate that number. The class treasurer and dance committee chairman, John Herman, announced that Irene Vandervall, who was a member of last year's class but was not graduate, is not entitled to a ticket.

Isabella Vandervall expects to enter Cornell Medical School. She has been an honor pupil with high averages. Her associates in the class had no objection to her presence at the dance, but deprecated her expressed intention to bring a negro escort.

New York Stock Market.

New York, June 17.—Trading on the stock exchange at the opening this morning was irregular, but at the end of fifteen minutes the market hardened with prices ranging a shade above yesterday's close. The market relaxed in the afternoon, but after making a slight advance in the first few minutes and from then on until the end of the first hour trading was almost at a standstill.

The mining town of Movarabi, in Sonora, Mexico, including a ten-stamp mill, has been destroyed by the forest fire that is sweeping the Ojo and Bacochi mountains.

THE TRIAL OF HARRIS.

Greater interest was manifested yesterday in the case of Prof. J. D. Harris, on trial for the murder of Editor Thompson, at Warrenton, in April, 1909, than has been shown on any former day of the trial, which has been in progress in the Circuit Court at Manassas since Monday morning. One of the strong points in the commonwealth's case is the fact that Thompson had a bullet wound in the right leg, the ball entering the leg between the hip and knee and ranging upward, in the theory of the commonwealth being that Harris did not wait until he was attacked by Thompson to draw his gun, but that the accused having stepped off the pavement into the gutter, and thus being on a much lower elevation than Thompson, fired the first shot, while the latter was still on the pavement. The pistol was pointed upward. This is one of the strongest points in the case that the defense has been called upon to meet.

After it was thought the evidence in the case had been closed Wednesday evening, the commonwealth was allowed to introduce evidence showing the height of the pavement above the gutter at the point in the street where Thompson was shot. Yesterday morning the defense put on witnesses to show that the point in the street where it is claimed Harris was standing when the first shot was fired, is about on a level with the pavement upon which the commonwealth contends Thompson was standing when he received the wound in the leg. The theory of the defense in regard to this wound is that Harris fired the shot in the scuffle between himself and Thompson at a time when the latter's right leg was lifted a considerable distance from the ground.

Numerous instructions were given the jury by the court yesterday morning. All of the instructions asked for by the defense were granted, while of those asked for by the commonwealth, one was entirely refused and three were amended. Five hours were allotted to each side for argument of the case, the attorneys on either side having previously agreed that this would be sufficient time. The case was argued yesterday by Major R. A. McIntyre, of Warrenton, and H. T. Davies, commonwealth's attorney for Prince George's county, and by the defense, by Richard Evelyn Byrd, G. Latham Fletcher and R. A. Hutchinson for the defense. Yesterday morning the argument was resumed by E. E. Garrett, commonwealth's attorney for Loudoun county, for the defense, and will be concluded by Marshall McCormick, the defense's leading attorney. J. A. C. Keith, commonwealth's attorney for Fauquier county, will conclude the argument for the state.

The case was given to the jury today. The case was given to the jury today but at 4 o'clock this evening a verdict had not been rendered.

HEAVY RAINS IN VIRGINIA.

The lower Shenandoah valley was visited yesterday morning by the most terrific rainstorm in recent years, over three inches having fallen in Winchester and vicinity within six hours. Many small streams have become raging torrents and 200 feet of roadbed was washed away on the Southern Railway at Broadway, blocking traffic all day. Crops were slightly damaged.

With more than two inches of rain in the last 20 hours the Shenandoah river is higher than for many years. Thousands of acres of wheat and corn are inundated. The corn will be destroyed and the wheat will be greatly damaged.

Rockingham county was visited Wednesday night by a most disastrous cloudburst, which not only did thousands of dollars of damage to personal property, but has done incalculable damage to growing crops, especially wheat. At Harrisonburg Black Mountain, where the cloudburst caused many families to leave their homes, a Washington on the Chesapeake Railway will prevent that road getting trains west of Harrisonburg for several days. At Stokesville the tramways of the Steigel Lumber Corporation were washed away and a vast amount of valuable lumber swept away. At Weavers crossing, on the Norfolk and Western, a landslide hit a freight train wrecking it.

Dispatches from Luray say continual wet weather throughout the Shenandoah valley is doing incalculable damage to growing crops of fruit. Hundreds of dollars worth of cherries have been lost in the past ten days; wheat and barley are beaten to the ground and should an immediate break occur in the weather it would be several days before harvest could begin. In many instances water is standing in wheat fields. Deluded Wednesday by a few bits of sunshine, farmers began hay making, only to have the tons which were cut ruined by drenching rains yesterday.

CONGRESSIONAL.

After remaining on the Senate calendar for almost three months in a state of uncertainty as to its fate, the bill providing for the admission of the territories of New Mexico and Arizona to separate statehood was taken up by the Senate yesterday and passed, after a debate consuming little more than two hours. As passed, the bill would provide for the two territories, but not until after a constitution had been adopted by each of them, approved by the president and ratified by Congress.

Mr. Elkins called up the conference report on the railroad bill, and briefly explained its provisions. The report will probably be adopted today. A bill was passed appropriating \$50,000 for the establishment of a biological station for the study of fish diseases.

A large number of bills on the calendar were disposed of. The session of the House was devoted to general debate, and the reading of items of the general deficiency bill. Representative Humphrey made a vigorous attack on foreign shipping interests.

The committee on rules was in session practically all day and almost reached an agreement on an amendment to the rules providing for the discharge of a committee from the consideration of a measure under certain conditions and within a certain limit of time. It is believed that the committee will agree upon a resolution which will receive the unanimous support of regulars, insurgents, and democrats, and which will be adopted within the next few days.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Court of Appeals adjourned yesterday at Wytheville to meet in September at Staunton.

Mr. Timothy W. Colton, of Alexandria, and Miss Mary Kriete, of Essex county, were married at Rappahannock Church, in that county on Tuesday by Rev. Mr. Hallaback.

Judge E. W. Saunders was nominated for Congress by acclamation at the Fifth congressional district democratic convention, held at Rocky Mount, yesterday. Ex-Governor Saunders was permanent chairman of the convention and made the nominating speech.

A rather unusual series of misfortune has followed Dow Thacker, a Lee county farmer, through married life, resulting in the death of three wives. The first was gored by a mad bull, the second was drowned, and the last fell from a horse, inflicting injuries which proved fatal yesterday.

The retirement of Prof. W. Morris Fontaine from the chair of geology in the University of Virginia to accept an invitation to go on the Carnegie Foundation for the Encouragement of Teaching has just been made public. For 31 years Professor Fontaine has been at the head of the school of natural history and geology.

"Linwood," the handsome residence of the late R. H. Lynn, on the northern suburbs of Leesburg, has been sold this week by Wm. F. Lynn, administrator, to Geo. J. Babson, of Maine. The consideration was \$25,000. This property was formerly owned by Henry Harrison, who sold it to Mr. Lynn about four years ago.

The marriage of Miss Norma Vera Round to Mr. William Willis Davies was solemnized at Manassas Thursday in Trinity Episcopal Church, the former, rector, Rev. F. L. Robinson, officiating. The bride is a daughter of George Carr Round, of Manassas. The groom is a nephew of Judge J. B. T. Thornton and is connected with the Health Office of the District of Columbia.

O. C. Bell, a railway mail clerk, was arrested in Roanoke yesterday on a warrant sworn out by Mayor Cuthbert on the charge of not being of good fame. Bell incurred the displeasure of the mayor and other city officials by testifying in the Corporation Court that he had taken breakfast with a number of officials at a questionable resort. Bell appeared before the mayor and Police Justice Berkley yesterday afternoon with his attorney, and as no charge had been preferred against him he was leaving the court when the mayor swore out the warrant. He was held under bond.

Rev. S. W. Tucker, pastor of a flock of negro Christians at Southlinton, near Richmond, has jumped his bail and disappeared and his bond of \$500 has been forfeited. Seven women have come forward claiming Tucker as husband. Two more have written to the same effect from North Carolina. When Tucker was arrested for prowling at night around the house of still another colored woman a rabbit's foot, a bottle of gin and a bottle of cologne were found in his pockets.

The House Rules.

Washington, D. C., June 17.—As a last resort to avoid further fighting and probable defeat by the insurgents' democratic alliance, the House committee on rules has decided to favorably report a resolution depriving itself of its most autocratic power, the right to place any legislation in a preferential position for consideration over all other bills. Members of the committee on rules today informed members of the insurgent faction that they would either today or the first part of next week report to the House a resolution embodying substantially the schemes of minority leader Champ Clark and Mr. Shirley, to allow the House by a majority vote to discharge a committee from the consideration of any bill pending before that committee and bring it up for action by the House just as though it had received favorable consideration by the committee.

This reform of the rules will forever prevent the use of the logical objection by "smothering it in committee." Speaking of the decision of the committee on rules Representative Murdock said, "while the compromise rule the committee on rules will recommend is not quite as effective as we would like to have it, it is a distinct victory, one more victory in the list of reform we started out to establish. The democrats are likewise joyous because the resolution will have enough ear-marks of democratic authorship to allow them in the coming campaign to say 'See what a square Congress we made for you.'"

Chairman Dabzell of the rules committee appeared upon the floor of the House at 2 o'clock this afternoon with the final draft of the "reform resolution." The resolution is almost identical with that of Minority Leader Clark and seems in some instances to be an improvement upon it. Insurgent leaders of the House appear to be well satisfied with it.

The resolution presented by the rules committee reads as follows: "Any member may present to the clerk a motion in writing to discharge a committee from further consideration of any public bill or joint resolution which may have been referred to such committee. All such motion shall be entered in the journal and printed on the calendar under an appropriate heading. Immediately after the unanimous consent calendar shall have been called on any Monday, it shall be in order to call up any such action which shall have been entered on the calendar under the heading 'Resolved, That the committee on rules be discharged from the consideration of the bill or resolution No. 100.' Recognition for such motion shall be in the order in which they have been entered. Such motion before being submitted to the House shall be seconded by a majority by tellers. If a second be ordered the date on such motion shall be limited to twenty minutes, one half thereof in favor of the proposition and one held in opposition thereto."

Hot Wave in Chicago. Chicago, June 17.—Intense heat following closely on "overcast weather" caused great suffering in Chicago today, several prostrations being reported. The maximum temperature yesterday was 88 degrees and the weather bureau predicted a maximum of at least 90 today. The humidity is much greater today than yesterday when two deaths were reported from the heat.

DRY GOODS.

Woodward & Lothrop

NEW YORK---WASHINGTON---PARIS

Special Sale of Women's Muslin Undergarments.

A special display and sale of Women's Undergarments, embracing the practical sorts for general summer vacation use and dainty, fluffly garments for wear with thin summer gowns, including Long and Short Petticoats, Corset Covers, Chemises, Drawers, Gowns and Combination Suits, of soft muslins and light-weight capricious and muslins. The materials are thoroughly reliable and the trimmings tastefully applied.

Among others we mention the following excellent values:

Women's Gowns, of muslin, cambric and nainsook; high and V-neck styles made with tucked yoke and long sleeves and finished with embroidery, edging, low round neck style trimmed with lace insertion and lace edging or embroidery edging and heading run with pink or blue ribbon.

Women's Corset Covers, of cambric, nainsook and cross-barred muslin, with low round neck and full front, variously trimmed with lace insertion, embroidery, medallions, lace edging, embroidery, heading and ribbon.

Women's Cambric and Nainsook Combination Suits (corset cover and short skirt); some trimmed with lace, some with edging, heading and ribbon; others with hemstitched ruffles, heading and ribbon.

Women's Drawers, of cambric, nainsook and plain and cross-barred muslin; some finished with wide ruffles, trimmed with lace insertion and lace edging; some with embroidery insertion or tucks and blind or eyelet embroidery; others with hemstitched tucked lawn ruffle.

Women's Nainsook Chemises; some with wide ruffles, some with edging, heading and ribbon; some with edging, heading and ribbon; some with edging, heading and ribbon.

50c the garment. Values, 75c and \$1.00

Swan Bros.

KING AND PITT STREETS.

Trunks, Bags, and Suit Cases.

You will find here a full line of the best trunks, traveling bags and suit cases at prices less than you will pay for the same goods in larger cities.

TRUNKS	From \$3.50 to \$20
TRAVELING BAGS	From \$1.00 to \$15
SUIT CASES	From \$1.00 to \$15
TRUNK STRAPS	50c, 75c and \$1.00

Sighs for Oyster Bay.

On board the Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, via wireless to Woods Hole, Mass., and land line to New York, June 17.—"Mr. Roosevelt is apparently the happiest man aboard the ship. He is anxious to get home. 'I want the quiet of Oyster Bay,' is the word he put it, indicating that he did not want to be bothered with an army of callers during the early days after his return.